Inspection procedure

- **In addition to routine checks for each use, PPE should regularly undergo a detailed inspection by a competent person.** Petzl recommends an inspection every 12 months and after any exceptional event in the life of the product.
- **PPE inspection should be conducted with the manufacturer's Instructions for Use.**

Download the Instructions at PETZL.COM

REEVE

1. Known product history

Any PPE showing degradation should be quarantined, pending a detailed inspection.

The user should:
- Provide precise information on the usage conditions.
- Report any exceptional event regarding his/her PPE.

(Examples: fall or fall arrest, use or storage at extreme temperatures, modification outside manufacturer's facilities...)

2. Preliminary observations

Verify the presence and legibility of the serial number and the CE mark.
Note: the serial number code on our products is evolving. Two types of code will coexist.
See below for details on each serial number code.

Code A:

00 000 AA 0000

- Year of manufacture
- Day of manufacture
- Name of Inspector
- Incrementation

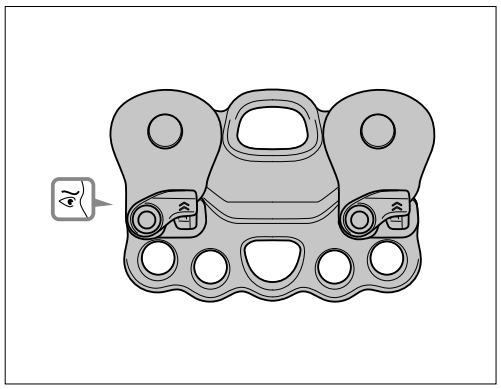
Code B:

00 A 0000000 000

- Year of manufacture
- Month of manufacture
- Batch number
- Incrementation

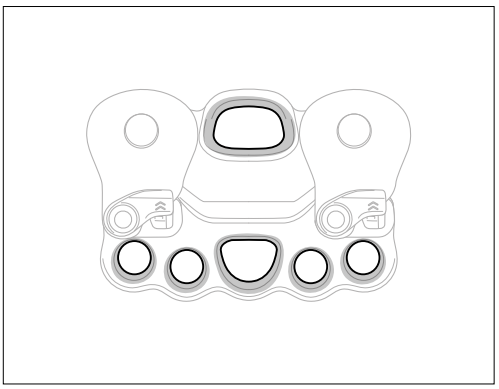
Verify that the product lifetime has not been exceeded.
Compare with a new product to verify there are no modifications or missing parts.

3. Checking the general condition



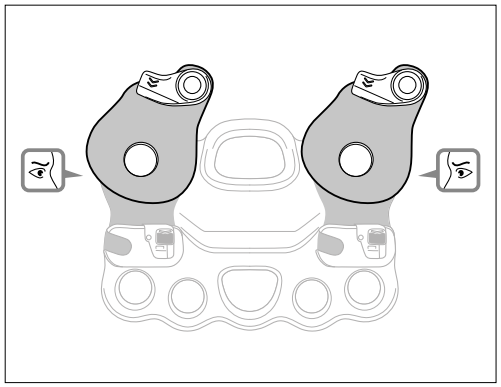
• Check the general condition of the product (marks, deformation, cracks, wear, corrosion...).

4. Checking the attachment holes

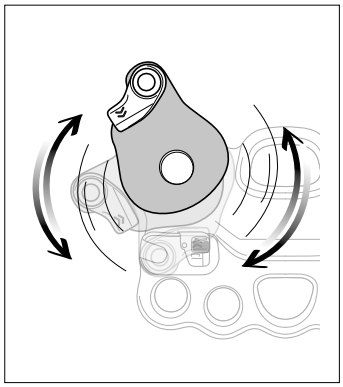


• Check the condition of the attachment holes (marks, deformation, cracks, wear, corrosion...).

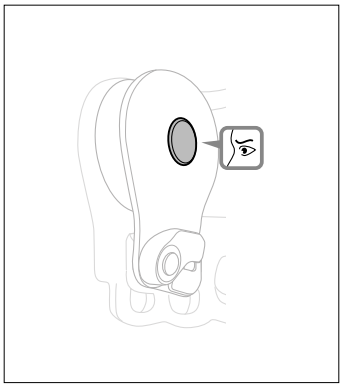
5. Checking the condition of the side plates



• Check the condition of the side plates (marks, deformation, cracks, wear, corrosion).

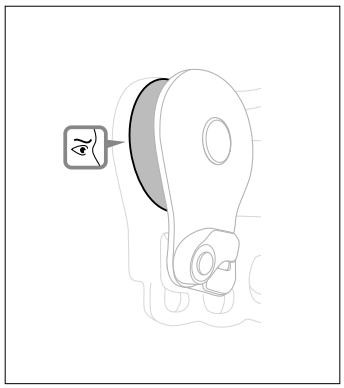


• Verify that the side plates rotate properly.

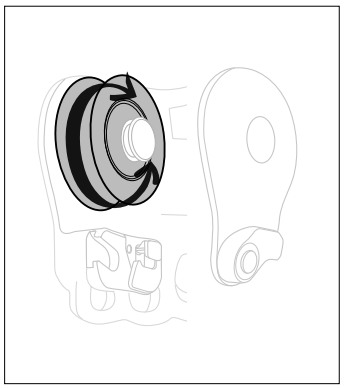


• Check the condition of the rivets (marks, deformation, cracks, wear, corrosion, absence of play...).

6. Checking the condition of the sheave(s)

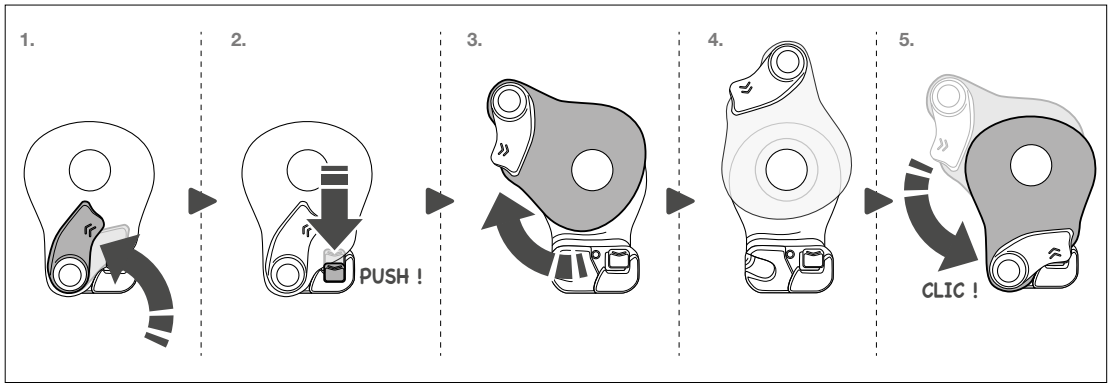


• Check the condition of the sheaves (marks, deformation, cracks, corrosion, wear, absence of foreign bodies...).



• Verify that the sheave turns freely in both directions.

7. Checking the side plates' opening and locking systems



• Check the condition and function of the locking system (marks, deformation, dirt, effectiveness of the return spring(s)).